



# Oven Controlled Crystal Oscillators

Oven controlled crystal oscillators are used when extreme frequency stability is required, typically between a part per billion and a part per million. Stability is obtained by keeping the temperature of the crystal constant in a proportionally controlled oven at a temperature where the frequency vs temperature slope is zero. Several tradeoffs are made in order to achieve this stability.

- The addition of an oven has a major impact on increased size and current drain.
- The oscillators also require several minutes to an hour to reach thermal equilibrium and as a result are normally left on continuously.

Two crystal cuts are commonly used in oven controlled oscillators, AT and SC. The AT is the more common and less expensive crystal and is a singly rotated cut. When higher performance is required, the doubly rotated SC (stress compensated) is used. It offers improved frequency-temperature performance, improved temperature transient response, improved aging and improved noise, but is more expensive to manufacture and requires a more complex oscillator circuit.

Many oven controlled oscillators, particularly the most stable, utilize extremely high Q crystals which provide much improved close-in phase noise by reducing the frequency at which the noise floor begins. This performance is impossible in TCXOs as only moderate Q crystals give the TCXOs their necessary frequency adjustability.

## APPLICATION NOTES

### Aging

Oven controlled crystal oscillators provide the best stability when left undisturbed. Whenever possible, leave the oscillators constantly powered as there is a period of time ranging from hours to days after power is restored during which the frequency is aging at a higher rate than it was before power was interrupted. Aging tends to be logarithmic; that is, the bulk of the aging occurs early in its life: please keep this in mind when specifying aging.

### Aging Adjust and Modulation

High levels of frequency stability and extreme frequency adjustment, be it for aging or signal modulation, are not compatible. Do not over-specify frequency adjust requirements.

## Standard Frequencies

Oven controlled oscillators require a good deal of unique design when a new frequency is required. Using an existing frequency is the best way to obtain proven performance and lowest price. When unique frequencies are absolutely required, keep in mind that lower frequency crystals tend to be more stable. Please consult us as early as possible when requiring a special frequency to ensure that the best compromises are made.

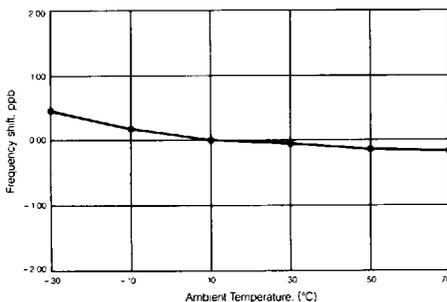
## Power Supplies

The power supply should be noise free if possible so as not to degrade noise performance. Care must be taken when using switching power supplies so as not to modulate the oscillator.

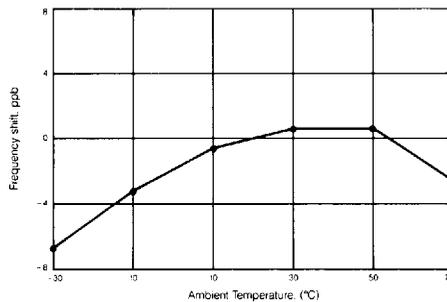
## Current Drain

Current drain is specified at room temperature in still air. Placing the oscillator in a moving airstream will increase the power requirement as the surface temperature is lowered.

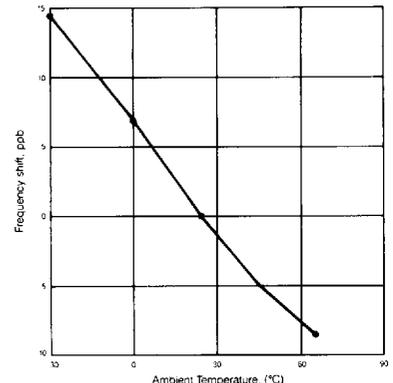
Ultra High Stability KXN1130AA



Very High Stability KXN1159AA



High Stability KXN1176AA



# Oven Controlled Crystal Oscillators



## ULTRA HIGH STABILITY: KXN1130AA

Oscillator Frequency 5.000 MHz	Input Current 1.2 Amp maximum at turn-on 0.525 Amps stabilized at 25°C
Frequency Stability vs temperature: $\pm 2.0$ ppb (parts per billion) aging: $\pm 0.5$ ppb/day $\pm 30$ ppb/year	Phase Noise (dBc/Hz) 100 Hz: -135 1.0kHz: -145 50kHz: -150
Operating Temperature Range -30°C to +65°C	Tuning Range Mechanical: $\pm 1.0$ ppm minimum Electrical: 0.1 ppm minimum from 0 to 6 volts applied
Output Power 0.5Vrms into 50 Ohms	Package Dimensions (inches, L x W x H) 5.42 x 3.13 x 3.13 (see next page for drawing)
Output Waveform Sinewave Harmonics -25 dBc below fundamental	Connectors BNC RF-out 8 pin solder header
Input Voltage 11.50 VDC	

## VERY HIGH STABILITY: KXN1159AA

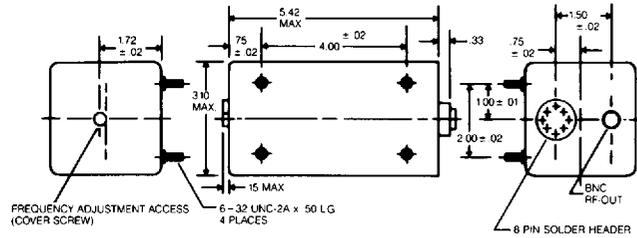
Oscillator Frequency 16.384 MHz	Input Voltage 12.00 VDC
Frequency Stability vs temperature: $\pm 10$ ppb (parts per billion) aging: $\pm 0.5$ ppb/day $\pm 50$ ppb/year	Input Current 670 mA maximum at turn-on 250 mA stabilized at 25°C
Operating Temperature Range -30°C to +70°C	Short-term Stability less than $\pm 0.01$ ppb/second
Output Power 7.0 dBm minimum	Tuning Range Electrical: V set=1v to 7v, positive transfer $\pm 0.1$ ppm to $\pm 0.5$ ppm
Output Waveform Sinewave Harmonics -30dBc below fundamental Spurious -80 dBc below fundamental	Package Dimensions (inches, L x W x H) 3.02 x 2.02 x 1.25 (see next page for drawing)
	Connectors Input/output: 0.040 inches PC pins (for SMA)

## HIGH STABILITY: KXN1176AA

Oscillator Frequency 5.000 MHz	Input Current 1.125 Amp maximum at turn-on 0.333 Amps stabilized at 25°C
Frequency Stability vs temperature: $\pm 25$ ppb (parts per billion) aging: $\pm 3$ ppb/day $\pm 0.3$ ppb/year	Phase Noise (dBc/Hz) 100 Hz: -135 1.0 kHz: -145 50 kHz: -150
Operating Temperature Range -30°C to +65°C	Tuning Range Mechanical: $\pm 8.0$ ppm minimum Electrical: 0.9 ppm minimum, 0.6 ppm nominal, 0.3 ppm maximum (0 to 5.1 V applied)
Output Power 0.5 Vrms into 50 Ohms	Package Dimensions (inches, L x W x H) 4.039 x 2.020 x 2.020 (see next page for drawing)
Output Waveform Sinewave Harmonics -25 dBc below fundamental	Connectors BNC RF-out 8 pin solder header
Input Voltage 12.0 VDC	



**ULTRA HIGH STABILITY: KXN1130AA PACKAGE (DIMENSIONS IN INCHES)**



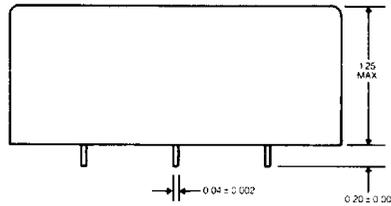
TO AVOID SERIOUS DAMAGE TO THIS UNIT IT IS SUGGESTED THAT THE FOLLOWING WARNING APPEAR ON THE SCREENING. CAUTION: AVOID EXCESSIVE TORQUE MAX 7 IN OZ

**ELECTRICAL TUNING**

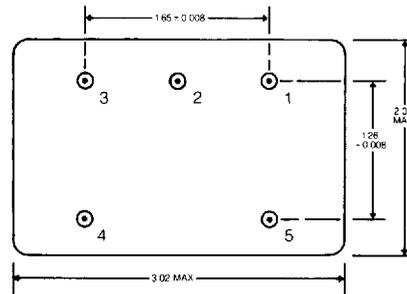
- PIN
- 7 5.6V D.C. REFERENCE
- 8 VARACTOR D.C. FREQ. ADJ.

PIN	FUNCTION
1	N/C
2	CASE
3	0V (SUPPLY RETURN)
4	B+
5	FACTORY USE ONLY
6	FACTORY USE ONLY
7	FACTORY USE ONLY
8	FACTORY USE ONLY

**VERY HIGH STABILITY: KXN1159AA PACKAGE (DIMENSIONS IN INCHES)**

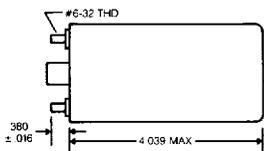
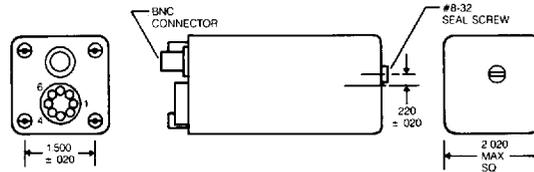


PIN	FUNCTION
1	GROUND
2	FREQUENCY CONTROL
3	+8V REFERENCE OUT
4	-12V SUPPLY
5	OUTPUT FREQUENCY



**HIGH STABILITY: KXN1176AA PACKAGE (DIMENSIONS IN INCHES)**

This information is believed to be reliable at the time of printing; no responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies. NEL Frequency Controls reserves the right to make changes at any time.



PIN	FUNCTION
1	N/C
2	CASE
3	0V (SUPPLY RETURN)
4	B1
5	FACTORY USE ONLY
6	FACTORY USE ONLY
7	Vref (REFERENCE VOLTAGE)
8	Vs (STEERING VOLTAGE)

